The interplay between multicomponent charge density wave orders in kagome metal AV₃Sb₅ (A=Cs, Rb, K)

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The kagome metal AV₃Sb₅ was recently discovered to host both superconductivity and a multi-component charge density wave (CDW) order [1]. What happens to the multi-component charge density wave orders below the phase transition temperature? Do they cooperate or compete? Here, we use Raman scattering to explore this puzzle in the charge density wave phase of AV₃Sb₅. We identify several new phonon modes emerging in the CDW state, which are lattice vibration modes related to V and Sb atoms as well as alkali-metal atoms. The detailed temperature evolution of these modes' frequencies, half-width at half-maximums, and integrated intensities support a phase diagram with two successive structural phase transitions in CsV₃Sb₅: the first one with a primary-like order parameter appearing at $T_s=94K$ and the second isostructural one appearing at around T*=70K. Furthermore, the T dependence of the integrated intensity for these modes shows two types of behavior below T_S: the low-energy modes show a plateau-like behavior below T^{*} while the high-energy modes monotonically increase below T_s. These two behaviors are captured by the Landau free-energy model incorporating the interplay between the primary-like and the secondary-like order parameters via trilinear coupling. Especially, the sign of the trilinear term that couples order parameters with different wave vectors determines whether the primary-like and secondary-like order parameters cooperate or compete with each other, thus determining the shape of the T dependence of the intensities of Bragg peak in x-ray data and the amplitude modes in Raman data below T_S. These results provide an accurate basis for studying the interplay between multiple CDW order parameters in kagome metal systems [2].

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Key Words: kagome metal, charge density wave, Raman scattering

References:

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